

99 Questions Station

1. What are the 12 points of the Scout Law?

Trustworthy, Loyal, Helpful, Friendly, Courteous, Kind, Obedient, Cheerful, Thrifty, Brave, Clean, and Reverent.

2. What is the first line of the Scout Oath?

On my honor, I will do my best to do my duty to God and my country and to obey the Scout Law.

3. What does “Do my duty to God and my country” mean in the Scout Oath?

It means showing respect for your faith and being a good citizen.

4. How many fingers are used in the Cub Scout salute?

Two fingers.

5. What do the two fingers in the Cub Scout salute represent?

The two parts of the Cub Scout Promise – “to help other people” and “to obey.”

6. When do you give the Cub Scout salute?

When in uniform and saluting the flag.

7. What is the outdoor code?

As an American, I will do my best to be clean in my outdoor manners, careful with fire, considerate in the outdoors, and conservation-minded.

8. Why is the Buddy System important?

It keeps Scouts safe by making sure no one is alone.

9. What kind of knot is used to tie two ropes together?

Square knot or sheet bend.

10. What knot is used to tie a rope to a post?

Two-half hitches.

11. What knot makes a loop that doesn’t slip?

Bowline.

12. During food prep, what technique should you use to keep the object you are cutting stable and your fingers out of the way?

The “claw.”

13. What is the first step when lighting a campfire?

Have a safe fire ring and materials ready.

14. What material or wood do you need for building a fire?

Tinder, kindling and fuel wood.

15. Why should you never leave a campfire unattended?

It could spread and cause a wildfire.

16. What should you do to put out a campfire completely?

Drown it with water, stir the ashes, and feel for heat.

17. Which is more dangerous – a sharp knife or a dull knife?

A dull knife.

18. How did the penknife get its name?

It was used to sharpen and shape quills for writing.

19. What should you do with trash while camping?

Pack it out and leave no trace.

20. What direction does a compass needle point?

North.

21. Why should you store food away from your tent?

To keep animals away from your camp.

22. What are the six cub scout hiking essentials?

Water, snack, whistle, first aid kit, sunscreen, flashlight.

23. What should you do if you get lost on a hike?

Stay put, stay calm, and use the STOP rule: Stop, Think, Observe, Plan.

24. What is one way to show respect when raising or lowering the flag?

Stand quietly and salute.

25. What does the blue in the U.S. flag stand for?

Loyalty.

26. What is the first thing you do when you come upon someone who is hurt?

Check that the area is safe before helping.

27. What does “first aid” mean?

The immediate help you give someone before professional help arrives.

28. What should you do if someone has a small cut?

Clean it with soap and water, then cover it with a clean bandage.

29. How can you stop a nosebleed?

Sit up straight and pinch the soft part of the nose for several minutes.

30. What should you do if someone has a burn?

Cool it with cool (not ice-cold) water and cover it with a clean cloth.

31. Why should you wash your hands before eating or treating a wound?

To remove germs that can cause infection.

32. What should you do if a bee stings you?

Remove the stinger gently and put something cold on the spot.

33. What should you never do if someone has a serious head injury?

Do not move them unless they are in danger.

34. If someone faints, what should you do?

Have them lie down, loosen tight clothing, and raise their legs slightly.

35. How can you treat a blister on your foot during a hike?

Clean it, cover it with a moleskin or bandage, and don't pop it.

36. What is the best way to avoid heat exhaustion?

Drink plenty of water and rest in the shade.

37. What should you do if someone is choking but can still talk or cough?

Encourage them to keep coughing.

38. If someone cannot breathe because of choking, what should you do?

Call for help and give five hard blows between the shoulder blades then perform the Heimlich maneuver if trained.

39. Why is it important to stay calm in an emergency?

It helps you think clearly and make smart decisions.

40. What is the universal emergency number in the United States?

9-1-1.

41. What are the three colors of the U.S. flag?

Red, white, and blue.

42. What does the red color on the flag stand for?

Valor and bravery.

43. What does the white color on the flag stand for?

Purity and innocence.

44. What should you do when you hear the national anthem?

Stand, face the flag, and salute or place your hand over your heart.

45. Who wrote the words to “The Star-Spangled Banner”?

Francis Scott Key.

46. What are the three branches of the U.S. government?

Legislative, Executive, and Judicial.

47. What does it mean to “serve your community”?

Helping others and working to make your town a better place.

48. What is a geologist?

Someone who studies rocks, minerals, and the Earth.

49. What three types of rocks make up the Earth’s crust?

Igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic.

50. What type of rock is formed from cooled lava or magma?

Igneous rock.

51. What is weathering?

The breaking down of rocks by wind, water, or ice.

52. What causes earthquakes?

Movement of the Earth’s tectonic plates.

53. What tool is used to find direction using the Earth’s magnetic field?

A compass.

54. What is a lever?

A simple machine that helps lift or move objects using a bar and a fulcrum.

55. What simple machine uses a wheel with a rope or cable to lift objects?

A pulley.

56. What is friction?

The force that slows down motion between two touching surfaces.

57. What kind of energy comes from moving air?

Wind energy.

58. What kind of energy comes from the Sun?

Solar energy.

59. What are fossils?

Remains or imprints of plants or animals from long ago.

60. Why should we recycle?

To save resources and reduce waste in landfills.

61. What is erosion?

When soil or rock is moved from one place to another by wind or water.

62. In the ecosystem, fungi, lichens, bacteria and insects are an example of what?

Decomposers.

63. What is the main purpose of an engineer?

To design and build things that solve problems.

64. Why is physical fitness important for Scouts?

It keeps your body strong, healthy, and ready for adventure.

65. What is one example of aerobic exercise?

Running, swimming, or biking.

66. Why should you warm up before exercising?

To get your muscles ready and prevent injury.

67. What food group should make up half of your plate at meals?

Fruits and vegetables.

68. Why is drinking water important during outdoor activities?

It prevents dehydration.

69. What should you wear to protect yourself from the sun?

Sunscreen, hat, and sunglasses.

70. Why is getting enough sleep important?

It helps your body repair itself and keeps you healthy.

71. What piece of safety equipment protects your head when biking?

A helmet.

72. Why should you always tell an adult where you are going outdoors?

So someone knows where to find you in case of an emergency.

73. What does “hydration” mean?

Having enough water in your body for it to function properly.

74. In a water emergency, what is the correct order of rescue methods a Cub Scout should use to help someone safely?

Reach (use something to extend to the person), Throw (throw a rope or flotation device), Row (use a boat), Go (only enter the water if trained and necessary).

75. When swimming, if a “Buddy Check” is called, what should you do?

As quickly as possible, get to your buddy and raise each others hand.

76. What does the word “Webelos” mean?

It comes from “WE’ll BE LOyal Scouts.”

77. What is one way a Cub Scout can help protect wildlife?

By not disturbing animals, keeping a safe distance, and not littering in their habitats.

78. What is the first rank earned in Scouting America?

Scout.

79. What does it mean to be “trustworthy”?

To tell the truth and keep your promises.

80. What does “loyal” mean in the Scout Law?

To stand by your family, friends, and country.

81. What does it mean to be “courteous”?

To be polite and use good manners.

82. What does it mean to be “kind”?

To treat people, animals, and the Earth gently.

83. How can you show “obedient” behavior in Scouting?

Follow rules and listen to your leaders and parents.

84. What does it mean to be “cheerful”?

To look for the bright side and help others be happy.

85. What does it mean to be “thrifty”?

To use money and resources wisely and not waste them.

86. How can a Scout be “brave”?

By standing up for what’s right, even when it’s hard.

87. What does it mean to be “clean”?

Keep your body, home, and community neat and free of litter.

88. What does it mean to be “reverent”?

To respect your faith and the beliefs of others.

89. What is one way to be a good leader in your den?

Listen to others’ opinions, set a good example, and help your teammates.

90. What should a leader do when there's a disagreement in the group?

Stay calm, listen to both sides, and help find a fair solution.

91. Why is teamwork important in Scouting?

Because Scouts accomplish more by working together.

92. What is the Scout motto?

Be Prepared.

93. What is the Scout slogan?

Do a Good Turn Daily.

94. What is one example of a "good turn"?

Helping carry groceries, picking up trash, or holding a door open.

95. Why is honesty important?

Because people need to be able to trust what you say and do.

96. What is one thing you can do every day to take care of the environment?

Recycle, turn off lights, or pick up litter.

97. What should you say when you make a mistake?

"I'm sorry" — and try to make it right.

98. What does earning the Arrow of Light badge represent?

That a Cub Scout has learned Scouting values and is ready to move on to Scouts BSA.

99. In what direction does the sun rise?

The sun rises in the East.

The answers above will be accepted as correct. Additional answers may be accepted at the discretion of the mayor of the station.