

# Signs, Signals, and Codes

# Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet.

The work space provided for each requirement should be used by the Scout to make notes for discussing the item with his counselor, not for providing the full and complete answers. Each Scout must do each requirement.

No one may add or subtract from the official requirements found in **Boy Scout Requirements** (Pub. 33216 – SKU 620714).

The requirements were last issued or revised in 2015	This workbook was updated in <u>February 2015</u> .			
Scout's Name:	Unit:			
Counselor's Name:				
http://www.USScouts.Org  Please submit errors, omissions, comments or suggestions Comments or suggestions for changes to the requirements for the	http://www.MeritBadge.Org s about this workbook to: Workbooks@USScouts.Org e merit badge should be sent to: Merit.Badge@Scouting.Org			
of communication.	als, and codes, and why people need these different methods			
Briefly discuss the history and development of signs, signs	als and codes			
and actions mentally and actions primarities or origine, origine,	,			
1				

, Signals, and Codes			Scout's Name:	
. Explain the import	ance of signaling in emergency	communications.		
Discuss with your rescue personnel	counselor the types of emergen if lost in the outdoors or trying to	cy or distress signals or summon assistance du	ne might use to attract airbouring a disaster.	orne search-an
Illustrate these sig	naling examples by the use of p	hotos or drawings		
mustrate these sig	Training examples by the use of p	Tiolos of drawings.		
1				

, Signa	als, and Codes	Scout's Name:
		de is and the various means by which it can be sent.
٦	Spell your first name using	na Morse code.
		age of six to 10 words using Morse code.
b.	Describe what American	Sign Language (ASL) is and how it is used today.
	Spell your first name using	ng American Sign Language.
		age of six to 10 words using ASL.
. Giv	ve your counselor a brief e	xplanation about semaphore, why it is used, how it is used, and where it is used. Explain
		priore nags and naducal nags.
	F-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-1-0-	
\ <b>\</b> /b	av is it used?	
Wh	ny is it used?	
Wh	ny is it used?	
Wh	ny is it used?	
Wh	ny is it used?	
	. Do a. b. Given the	Spell your first name usir Send or receive a messa b. Describe what American  Spell your first name usir Send or receive a messa

	d Codes	Scout's Name:
How is it i	used?	
Where is	it used?	
Evaloin th	a difference between se	emaphore flags and nautical flags.
Explain ii	le difference between se	emaphore hags and naddical hags.
Then do t	he following:	
a. Spell	your first name using se	
a. Spell	your first name using se or receive a message of	of six to 10 words using semaphore.
a. Spell	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell	your first name using se or receive a message of	of six to 10 words using semaphore.
a. Spell	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore. aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send b. Using	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send b. Using	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send b. Using	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send b. Using	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send b. Using	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send Using  1.	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send b. Using	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
a. Spell Send Using  1.	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore.  aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.
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a. Spell Send Using  1.	your first name using se or receive a message of illustrations or photogra	of six to 10 words using semaphore. aphs, identify 10 examples of nautical flags and discuss their importance.

Scouts Name.
provide illustrations or photographs of the flags!)
technique and how it helps individuals with sight impairment to communicate.
wish identify the letters of the braille alphabet that anally are years
buch, identify the letters of the braille alphabet that spell your name.  Duch, identify the letters of the braille alphabet that spell your name.
oraille at least six words long, and share this with your counselor.

- 6. Do the following:
  - a. Describe to your counselor six sound-only signals that are in use today.

1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
Disc	uss the pros and cons	of using sound signals versus other types of signals.

b. Demonstrate to your counselor six different silent Scout signals.

Domonous	ate to your obtained on any amoralic characteristics.
□ 1.	
□ 2.	
☐ 3.	
☐ 4.	
☐ 5.	
☐ 6.	

Use these Scout signals to direct the movements and actions of your patrol or troop.

s, Signa	is, and Codes			3	cours mame		
		y out a trail for your patr	ol or troop to follow. Co	ver at lea	st one mile in	distance and u	se at least six
aime 1.	erent trail signs ar	nd markers.					
2.							
3.							
4.							
5.							
6.							
	r the Scouts have	e completed the trail, follo	ow no-trace principles b	y replaci	ng or returninç	g trail markers	to their original
B. For		lowing activities, demon	strate five signals each		_		they are used:
a.		nand signs/signals			clist's hand sig		
b. c.		nt operator's hand signal atapult crew signals	S	e. An	activity selecte	ed by you and	your counselor
	vity 1:						
	Signal	Meaning	Purpose				
1.							
2.							
3.							
4.							
-							
5.							
	1	i	1				

Activity 2:

	Signal	Meaning	Purpose
1.			
2.			
3.			
J.			
4.			
5.			

	Signal	Meaning	Purpose
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
Shar	re with your co	unselor 10 examples	of symbols used in everyday life.
1.			
2.			
3.	,		
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			
٠.	1		

(Note: Remember to provide illustrations or photographs of the symbols so you can show them to your counselor!)

gnals, and Codes	Scout's Name:	
Design your own symbol. Share it with your co	ounselor and explain what it means.	

Then do the following:

a. Show examples of 10 traffic signs and explain their meaning.

	Sign	Meaning
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

(Note: Remember to provide illustrations or photographs of the signs so you can show them to your counselor!)

	of each.						
Point out 10 map syr	mbols and explain the m	eaning	of each.				
Symbol	Meaning						
1.							
2.							
3.							
4.							
5.							
6.							
7.							
8.							
9.							
10.							
Discuss text-messag	e symbols and why they	/ are co	ommonly used.				
Give examples of yo	ur favorite 10 text symbo	ols or e	emoticons.				
Give examples of yo	ur favorite 10 text symbo	ols or e	emoticons.	7.		9.	
		_	emoticons.	7.		9. 10.	
1. 2.	3.	5. 6.		8.	each symbol.	4	
1. 2.	3. 4. enselor or parent can ide	5. 6. ntify th		8.	each symbol.	4	Yes

Signs, S	ignals, and Codes	Scout's Name:			
<u> </u>	Briefly discuss the history of secret code writing (cryptography).				
	Make up your own secret code and write a message of up to 25 words using	g this code.			
	Share the message with a friend or fellow Scout.				
	Then share the message and code key with your counselor and discuss the	e effectiveness of your code			
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Requirement resources can be found here:

http://www.meritbadge.org/wiki/index.php/Signs, Signals, and Codes#Requirement resources

## Important excerpts from the Guide To Advancement - 2013, No. 33088 (SKU-618673)

#### [1.0.0.0] — Introduction

The current edition of the *Guide to Advancement* is the official source for administering advancement in all Boy Scouts of America programs: Cub Scouting, Boy Scouting, Varsity Scouting, Venturing, and Sea Scouts. It replaces any previous BSA advancement manuals, including *Advancement Committee Policies and Procedures*, *Advancement and Recognition Policies and Procedures*, and previous editions of the *Guide to Advancement*.

#### [Page 2, and 5.0.1.4] — Policy on Unauthorized Changes to Advancement Program

No council, committee, district, unit, or individual has the authority to add to, or subtract from, advancement requirements. There are limited exceptions relating only to youth members with special needs. For details see section 10, "Advancement for Members With Special Needs".

#### [Page 2] — The "Guide to Safe Scouting" Applies

Policies and procedures outlined in the *Guide to Safe Scouting*, No. 34416, apply to all BSA activities, including those related to advancement and Eagle Scout service projects.

#### [7.0.3.1] — The Buddy System and Certifying Completion

A youth member must not meet one-on-one with an adult. Sessions with counselors must take place where others can view the interaction, or the Scout must have a buddy: a friend, parent, guardian, brother, sister, or other relative—or better yet, another Scout working on the same badge—along with him attending the session.

When the Scout meets with the counselor, he should bring any required projects. If these cannot be transported, he should present evidence, such as photographs or adult verification. His unit leader, for example, might state that a satisfactory bridge or tower has been built for the Pioneering merit badge, or that meals were prepared for Cooking. If there are questions that requirements were met, a counselor may confirm with adults involved. Once satisfied, the counselor signs the blue card using the date upon which the Scout completed the requirements, or in the case of partials, initials the individual requirements passed.

Note that from time to time, it may be appropriate for a requirement that has been met for one badge to also count for another. See "Fulfilling More Than One Requirement With a Single Activity," 4.2.3.6.

#### [7.0.3.2] — Group Instruction

It is acceptable—and sometimes desirable—for merit badges to be taught in group settings. This often occurs at camp and merit badge midways or similar events. Interactive group discussions can support learning. The method can also be attractive to "guest experts" assisting registered and approved counselors. Slide shows, skits, demonstrations, panels, and various other techniques can also be employed, but as any teacher can attest, not everyone will learn all the material.

There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of *all* requirements. We must know that every Scout —actually and *personally*— completed them. If, for example, a requirement uses words like "show," "demonstrate," or "discuss," then every Scout must do that. It is unacceptable to award badges on the basis of sitting in classrooms *watching* demonstrations, or remaining silent during discussions. It is sometimes reported that Scouts who have received merit badges through group instructional settings have not fulfilled all the requirements. To offer a quality merit badge program, council and district advancement committees should ensure the following are in place for all group instructional events.

- Merit badge counselors are known to be registered and approved.
- Any guest experts or guest speakers, or others assisting who are not registered and approved as merit badge counselors, do not accept the
  responsibilities of, or behave as, merit badge counselors, either at a group instructional event or at any other time. Their service is temporary, not
  ongoing.
- Counselors agree not to assume prerequisites have been completed without some level of evidence that the work has been done. Pictures and
  letters from other merit badge counselors or unit leaders are the best form of prerequisite documentation when the actual work done cannot be
  brought to the camp or site of the merit badge event.
- There is a mechanism for unit leaders or others to report concerns to a council advancement committee on summer camp merit badge programs, group instructional events, and any other merit badge counseling issues—especially in instances where it is believed BSA procedures are not followed. See "Reporting Merit Badge Counseling Concerns," 11.1.0.0.
- There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of all requirements. We must know that every Scout—actually and personally—completed them.

### [7.0.3.3] — Partial Completions

A Scout need not pass all the requirements of one merit badge with the same counselor. It may be that due to timing or location issues, etc., he must meet with a different counselor to finish the badge. The Application for Merit Badge has a place to record what has been finished—a "partial." In the center section on the reverse of the blue card, the counselor initials for each requirement passed. In the case of a partial completion, the counselor does not retain his or her portion of the card. A subsequent counselor may choose not to accept partial work, but this should be rare. A Scout, if he believes he is being treated unfairly, may work with his unit leader to find another counselor. An example for the use of a signed partial would be to take it to camp as proof of prerequisites. Partials have no expiration except the Scout's 18th birthday. Units, districts, or councils shall not establish other expiration dates for partial merit badges.

#### [7.0.4.8] — Unofficial Worksheets and Learning Aids

Worksheets and other materials that may be of assistance in earning merit badges are available from a variety of places including unofficial sources on the Internet and even troop libraries. Use of these aids is permissible as long as the materials can be correlated with the current requirements that Scouts must fulfill. Completing "worksheets" may suffice where a requirement calls for something in writing, but this would not work for a requirement where the Scout must discuss, tell, show, or demonstrate, etc. Note that Scouts shall not be required to use these learning aids in order to complete a merit badge.